

Best Practices for Theft and Diversion Security

Jeff Zareski
National Account Manager
Chemical Security Solutions
Siemens Industry, Inc.
Building Technologies Division



General Considerations for Security Measures

From the RBPS, the general considerations for selecting security measures for theft and diversion are:

- "Know Your Customer" procedures
- Inventory controls of critical assets
- Restrict access to critical assets
- Constant monitoring of critical assets
- Inspections upon egress from critical asset storage areas
- Tamper-evident, physical means of storage areas
- Cyber security systems
- Background checks

Solutions are implemented for remote and inside critical asset areas.



Remote Security Case Study COI Asset Storage Area



Situation:

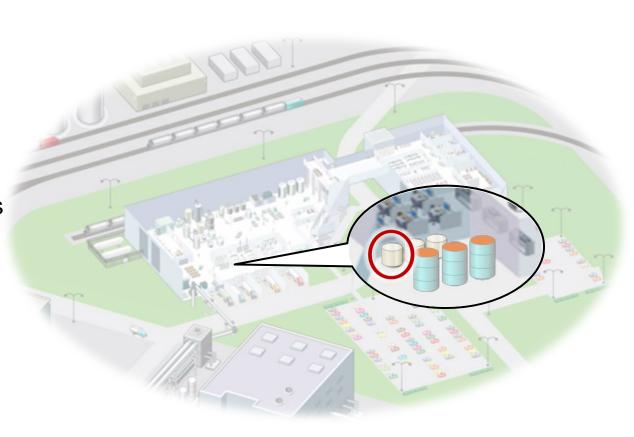
- Aluminum powder
- Chemical storage area
- Indoors

Problem:

- Not monitored
- Limited access controls
- No audit trail

Security Solution:

- Card reader
- Alarm monitoring
- Video recording





Remote Security Case Study Remote Asset Storage Area

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Situation:

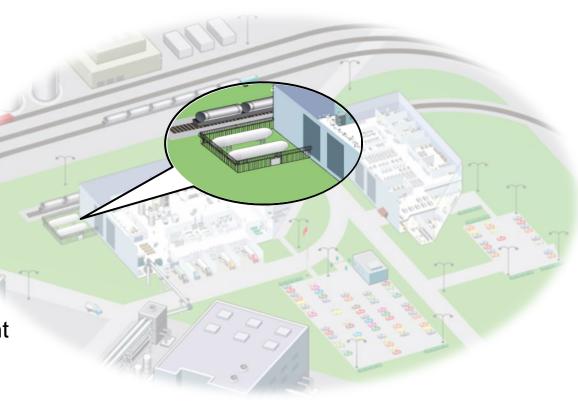
- Gas cylinder storage
- Cage with single padlock
- Vehicle access

Problem:

- Not monitored
- Stolen key
- Power available

Security Solution:

- Bollards installed
- Wireless security equipment
- Low light cameras
- "2 man" card reader





Inside Security Case Study Inside Security Monitoring

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Situation:

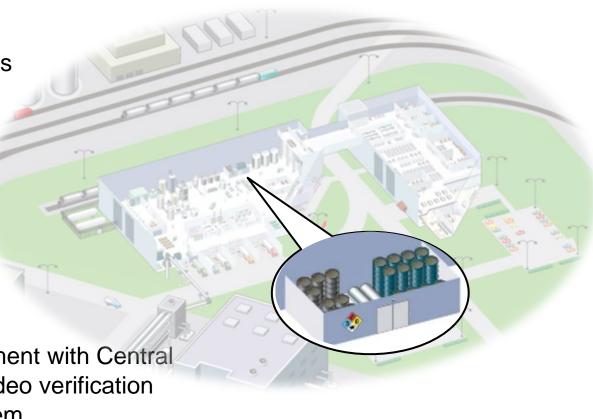
- Minimal security resources
- COI secured by key
- Video recording
- No vehicular access

Problem:

- Increase monitoring of COI area
- Limited budget to increase staff

Security Solution:

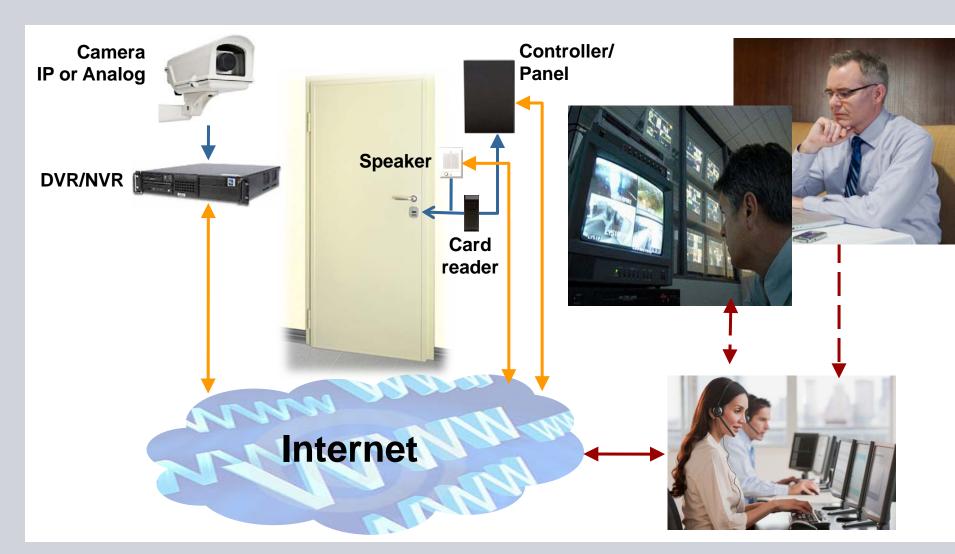
- Remote access management with Central Station monitoring and video verification
- Upgraded recording system
- Increased CCTV to general and portal views
- UPS for emergency power





Remote Security Management (RSM): How It Works

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Questions?

